



# Singapore Variable Capital Company (VCC) – At a glance

The launch of VCC framework in Singapore, finally addresses the shortcomings of the traditional corporate fund structure allowing greater ease of entry and exit to investors while providing privacy, tax exemptions and other advantages. VCC framework truly gears up the asset management industry, hitherto setting up funds mostly overseas.

## Key features of VCCs

**Legal Structure:** Company incorporated under VCC Act, regulated by ACRA and MAS

**Two types of VCC:** Standalone and Umbrella

**Capital repatriation:** Redemptions at NAV/ dividends freely allowed out of capital

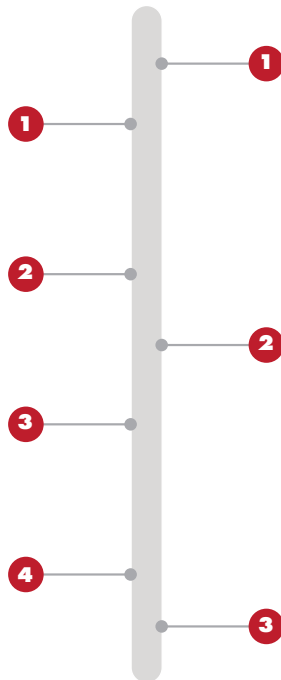
**Investor privacy:** No public access to financial statements and investor details

## Key features of umbrella VCC

**1 Economies of scale:** Setting up an umbrella VCC with multiple sub-funds brings operational and tax efficiencies

**2 Ring fencing:** Assets and liabilities of each sub-fund are segregated. VCC Act voids any other arrangements inconsistent with segregation

**3 Set up:** Possible to set-up a VCC with single sub-fund and add further sub-funds later



## Corporate Secretarial Aspects



VCC must be managed by a regulated fund manager, based in Singapore

01



Foreign funds, similar to a VCC, can be re-domiciled as VCCs in Singapore

02



VCC must appoint a Singapore based company secretary

03

## Accounting Aspects



Paid-up capital of VCC is always equal to its NAV

01



Each sub-fund has to present a separate audited financial statement

02



Can prepare financial statements under SFRS, IFRS or US GAAPs with consistency across sub-funds

03

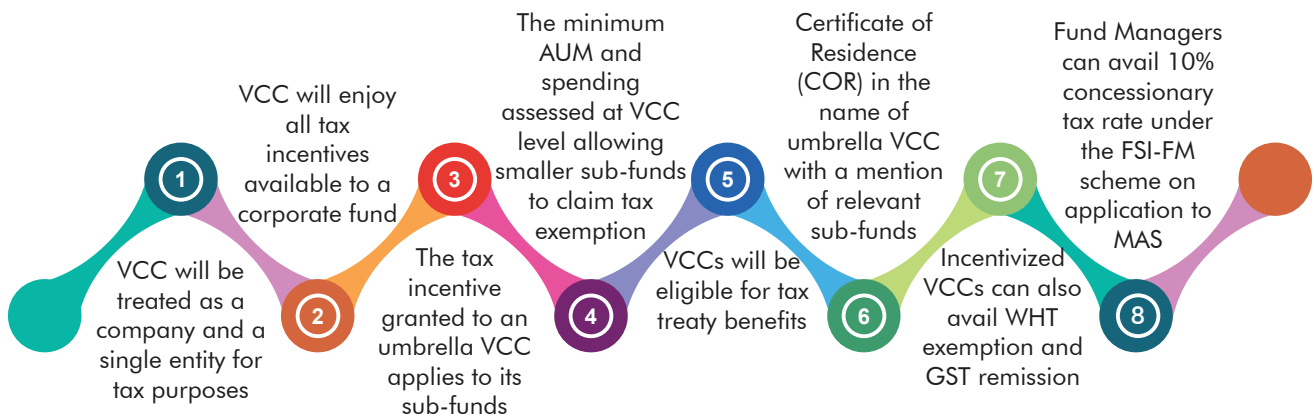


## Tax regime

Available tax incentive schemes for corporate funds in Singapore:

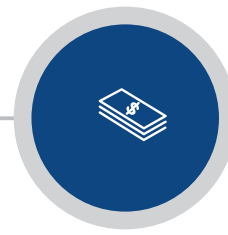
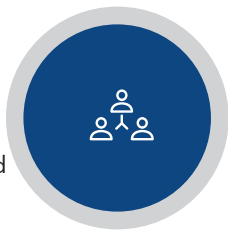
The Enhanced-Tier Fund Scheme (ETF) and Resident Fund Scheme (SRF) schemes provide tax exemption of 'specified income' from 'designated Investments'.

	SRF under Section 13R	ETF under Section 13X	
Applicable for	Singapore resident funds (incorporated as a company in Singapore)	Singapore or Non-Singapore funds (corporate / non-corporate)	Applicable for
Fund investors	Financial penalty on Singapore based non-individuals investing above a certain percentage (30% / 50%) in the fund	No such condition	Fund investors
Minimum AUM requirement	None. However, minimum spending criterion may practically require AUM above SGD 10 million	At least SGD 50 million at the point of application	Minimum AUM requirement
Minimum spending	Incurs at least SGD 200,000 in business spending in each financial year		Minimum spending

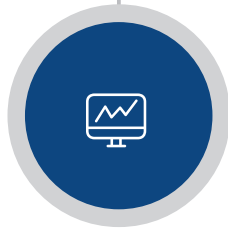


## What can VCC be used for?

For both traditional and alternative fund strategies (both open-ended and close-ended)



For pooling and investing funds



For re-domiciling the funds from non-treaty jurisdictions

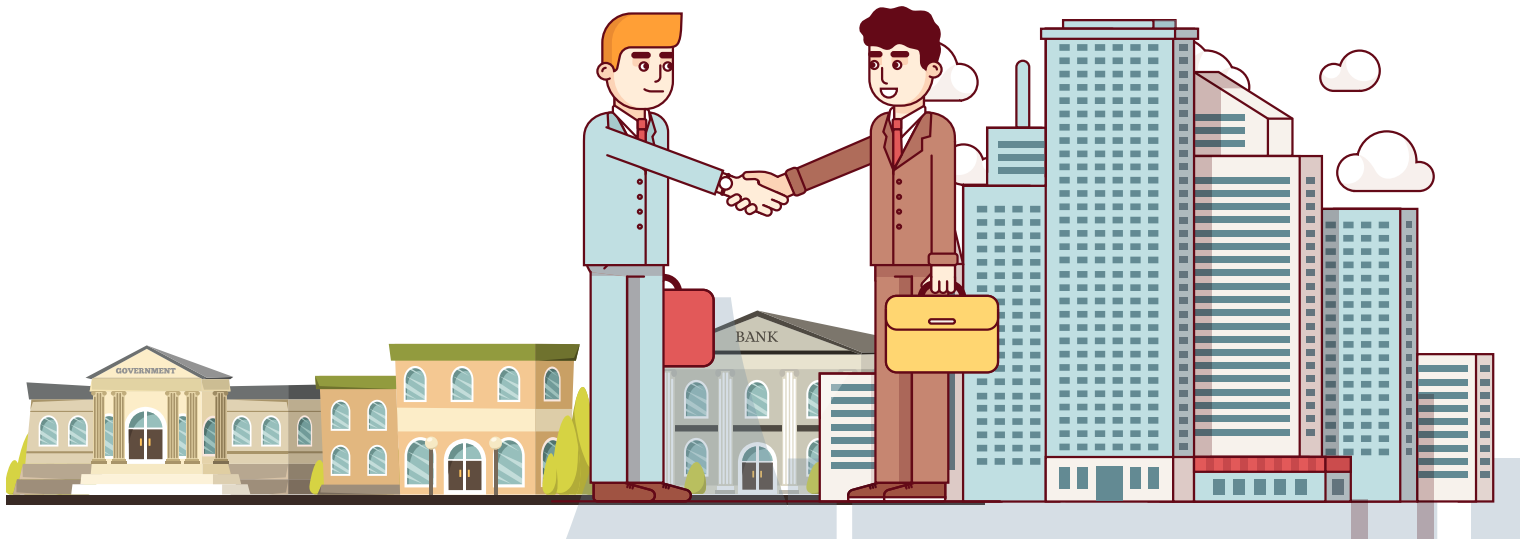
## VCC Grant Scheme (launched on 15th Jan 2020)

### Eligibility

Application can be made within 3 months of registration of VCC in Singapore

Covers up to 70% of qualifying expenses, capped at SGD 150,000 per VCC

One fund manager can avail grant for maximum 3 VCCs



### Expenses qualifying for grant

Tax advisory fees in relation to VCC set up

Corporate secretarial cost for set up

Regulatory compliance matters for set up phase

Tax incentive application fees

Legal documentation preparation for VCC



## How can Dhruva help?



**VCC structure can have wide usage for various fund and wealth management needs, please contact us for further discussion:**

Dinesh Kanabar  
CEO  
E mail: [dinesh.kanabar@dhruvaadvisors.com](mailto:dinesh.kanabar@dhruvaadvisors.com)

Mahip Gupta  
Partner  
E mail: [mahip.gupta@dhruvaadvisors.com](mailto:mahip.gupta@dhruvaadvisors.com)



INDIA | SINGAPORE | MIDDLE EAST | USA  
[www.dhruvaadvisors.com](http://www.dhruvaadvisors.com)

Disclaimer: The information contained herein is in a summary form and is therefore intended for general guidance only. This publication is no intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation. This publication is not a substitute for detailed research and opinion. Dhruva Advisors LLP cannot accept responsibility for any loss occasioned to any person acting or refraining from acting as a result of any material in this publication.